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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/844,970	04/27/2001	James Savoie	P-3032.01(UTI)	1652
7590 06/02/2005		EXAMINER		
Cline H. White			NGUYEN, MERILYN P	
JACKSON WA	LKER, LLP			
112 E. Pecan, Suit 2100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
San Antonio, TX 78205			2161	
		DATE MAILED: 06/02/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u> </u>		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
1		09/844,970	SAVOIE ET AL.		
Offic	e Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Merilyn P Nguyen	2171		
The MA Period for Reply	ILING DATE of this communication app .	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MON - If the period for re - If NO period for re - Failure to reply with Any reply received	D STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. In may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 THS from the mailing date of this communication. In specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply ply is specified above, the maximum statutory period within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, by the Office later than three months after the mailing in adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timey within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
1)⊠ Respons	sive to communication(s) filed on 12/05	<u>5/2003</u> .			
2a)⊡ This acti	2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since thi	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in	accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	i3 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Cla	aims				
4a) Of th 5)⊠ Claim(s) 6)⊠ Claim(s) 7)□ Claim(s)	1-14 and 16-20 is/are pending in the allowed claim(s) is/are withdraw 3,4,7,8,13,14 and 16 is/are allowed. 1,2,5,6,9-12 and 17-20 is/are rejected is/are objected to. are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.			
Application Pape	rs				
10)⊠ The draw Applicant Replacen	ification is objected to by the Examine ring(s) filed on 29 April 2001 is/are: a) may not request that any objection to the chent drawing sheet(s) including the correction declaration is objected to by the Ex	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119				
a) All b 1. Ce 2. Ce 3. Cc ap	edgment is made of a claim for foreign of Some * c) None of: ertified copies of the priority documents opies of the certified copies of the priority documents opies of the certified copies of the prioriplication from the International Bureau tached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Application rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)					
· —	erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) osure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: Detailed Acti	ate atent Application (PTO-152)		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This application claims benefit of 60/200,784 filed on April 28, 2000.

2. In response to the communication dated 07/19/2005, claims 1-14 and 16-24 are active in this application as the result of the addition of claims 21-24.

Acknowledges

- 3. Receipt is acknowledged of the following items:
 - o The applicant amendment has been considered and made of record as Paper No.

12.

Abstract

4. Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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5. Claim 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 24, there is insufficient antecedent basic for "said associated image" (lines 6-7) and "said first record" (line 10).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1, 5, 9-11, 17, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Mezei (US 6,070,175).

Regarding claims 1 and 17, Mezei discloses a method for creating a computer file readable by a pagination program for generating an output (See Figs. 2, 53, and 55), comprising:

- * accessing a computer database (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);
- identifying a record stored in said computer database (See col. 6, lines 40-47);
- * adding a field directive to said record, wherein said field directive contains an instruction to said pagination program directing how said pagination program will format said output (See col. 28, lines 21-36, and col. 30, lines 13-22);

- retrieving said record from said computer database (See Fig. 3);
- ❖ adding computer code to said record to create said computer file, wherein said computer code makes said computer file readable by said pagination program (See col. 28, lines 55-65, and col. 29, lines 30-51); and
- transferring said computer file to said pagination program where said output can be generated, wherein said output is a printed document (output file 938, Fig. 53, and corresponding text).

Regarding claims 5 and 19, Mezei discloses computer program having control logic stored therein, said control logic, when executed, enabling a computer to generate a computer file containing a record received from a computer database, add a field directive to said computer file, and convert said computer file to be compatible with a pagination program to develop an output (See Figs. 2, 53, and 55), said control logic comprising:

- accessing means for enabling said computer to access said record from said computer database (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);
- coding means for identifying said record contained in said computer database
 (See col. 6, lines 40-47);
- coding means for adding at least one field directive, wherein said field directive provides an instruction to said pagination program directing how said pagination program will format said output (See col. 28, lines 21-36, and col. 30, lines 13-22);
- coding means for converting said record into a computer file readable by said pagination program (See col. 29, lines 1-3, and col. 30, lines 13-14); and

coding means for transferring said computer file to said pagination program
 (output file 938, Fig. 53, and corresponding text).

Mezei further discloses wherein said output is a printed document (output file 938, Fig. 53) as recited in claim 19.

Regarding claim 9, Mezei discloses a method for converting at least two records stored in a computer database into a computer file readable by a pagination program, by:

- finding and retrieving a first record and a second record, each contained in said computer database (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);
- ❖ adding a first field directive to said first record and a second field directive to said second record that will act as instructions to said pagination program to create a desired output (See col. 28, lines 21-36, and col. 30, lines 13-22);
- generating said computer file from said records (MIF files, See col. 30, lines 13-22);
- adding computer code to said computer file so as to make said computer file readable by said pagination program (See col. 6, lines 6-17); and
- transferring said computer file to said computer pagination program (output file
 938, Fig. 53, and corresponding text).

Regarding claim 10, Mezei discloses a computer-readable medium containing instructions for controlling a computer system for converting at least two records stored in a computer database into a computer file readable by a pagination program, by:

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• using instructions in said computer readable medium to control said computer system to find and retrieve said records contained in said computer database to be converted into said computer file readable by said pagination program (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);

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- ❖ adding computer code to said records in order that said computer file will have a desired output (See col. 6, lines 6-17);
- generating said computer file from said records (MIF files, See col. 30, lines 13 22);
- ❖ analyzing said selected records to determine when all said selected records have been obtained from said computer database (See col. 7, lines 21-32); and
- when it is determined all selected records have been obtained, exporting said
 computer file to said computer pagination program (pagination commands, Fig.
 and corresponding text).

Regarding claim 11, Mezei discloses an article of manufacture comprising:

- * a computer useable medium having computer readable program code means embodied therein for converting information stored in a computer database into a computer file readable by a computer pagination program (See col. 29, lines 1-3, and col. 30, lines 13-14), the computer readable program code means in said article of manufacture comprising:
- computer readable program code means for causing the selection of the records contained in said computer database to be converted (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);

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computer readable program code means for causing the sampling said computer database a number of times to obtain said selected records (See col. 7, lines 21-32);

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- computer readable program code means for causing the adding of computer code to said records in order that said computer file will have a desired output (See col. 6, lines 6-17);
- computer readable program code means for causing the generation of said computer file from said records (MIF files, See col. 30, lines 13-22);
- ❖ computer readable program code means for causing the analyzing of said selected records to determine when all said selected records have been obtained from said computer database (See col. 7, lines 21-32); and
- computer readable program code means for causing the exportation of said
 computer file to said computer pagination program (pagination commands, Fig.
 and corresponding text).
- 7. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Warmus (US 6,332,149).

Regarding claim 12, Warmus discloses a method of converting a record of a first product stored in a computer database into a computer file readable by a pagination program (See col. 3, lines 31-60), comprising:

controlling a computer system to create a file template (Template files, Fig. 5, and Fig. 9, and Col. 11, lines 52-61);

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controlling said computer program to select said record of said first product from among multiple product records stored in said computer database (See col. 16, lines 27-52);

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- ❖ using said file template to add a field directive to said record of said first product, said field directive containing instructions used by said pagination program for formatting an output (See col. 12, lines 48-62);
- * adding computer code to said record of said first product in order to create a computer file that is readable by said pagination program (See Fig. 11, and col. 20, lines 17-35); and
- transferring said computer file to said pagination program (See Fig. 12, and col.
 20, lines 55-59).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. Claims 2, 6, 18, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mezei (US 6,070,175), in view of Sutcliffe (US 6,253,216).

Regarding claims 2, 6, 18, and 20, Mezei discloses all the claimed subject matter as set forth above; however, Mezei is silent as to identifying a first recipient of said output;

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- obtaining said first recipient's address information;
- determining if said first recipient has a characteristic, said characteristic consisting of at least one of a bad account, a closed account, a competitor, a prior recipient, a non-orderer, or an undesirable physical location;
- terminating transfer of said output to said first recipient at said address if said first recipient has said characteristic; and
- transferring said output to said first recipient if said first recipient does not have said characteristic.

On the other hand, Sutcliffe discloses identifying a first recipient of said output (See col. 3, lines 64-65, Sutcliffe et al.);

- obtaining said first recipient's address information (See col. 4, lines 1-5, Sutcliffe et al.);
- determining if said first recipient has a characteristic, said characteristic consisting of at least one of a bad account, a closed account, a competitor, a prior recipient, a non-orderer, or an undesirable physical location (See col. 10, lines 32-37);
- terminating transfer of said output to said first recipient at said address if said first recipient has said characteristic (166, Fig. 4, and corresponding text); and
- transferring said output to said first recipient if said first recipient does not have said characteristic (168, Fig. 4, and corresponding text).

Because Mezei system having a pagination program to generate output to users, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

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terminate transferring or permit transferring output from pagination program, as suggest by Sutcliffe, in term of security. The motivation would have been to weed out illegible recipient.

9. Claims 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mezei (US 6,070,175), in view of Zellweger (US 5,630.125).

Regarding claim 21, Mezei discloses a method for creating a computer file readable by a pagination program for generating an output (See Figs. 2, 53, and 55), comprising:

- accessing a computer database (See Col. 6, lines 19-39);
- selecting first and second records stored in said computer database (See col. 6, lines 40-47);
- retrieving said first and second records from said computer database (See Fig. 3,
 "retrieve Previous DB Row", "Retrieve Next DB Row", "Retrieve Last DB Row", for
 example);
- adding field directives to said first and second records, said field directives creating a final layout of said output (See col. 28, lines 21-36, and col. 30, lines 13-22);
- adding computer code to said first and second records to create said computer file,
 wherein said computer code makes said computer file readable by said pagination
 program (See col. 28, lines 55-65, and col. 29, lines 30-51); and
- transferring said computer file to said pagination program where said output can be generated (output file 938, Fig. 53, and corresponding text).

Mezei is silent as to records regarding products. On the other hand, Zellweger teaches product database (See col. 14, lines 19-20, Zellweger). It would have been obvious to one having

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ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to include into Mezei database records relating products as suggested by Zellweger. On having ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that database can be used to store all types of information, thus is intended use. In a claim drawn to a process of making, the intended use must result in a manipulative difference as compared to the prior art. See *In re Casey*, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963).

Regarding claim 22, Mezei/Zellweger discloses wherein said field directives cause information from said first record to appear on a single page of said output (See col. 29, lines 55-60, and col. 30, lines 50-60, Mezei et al.).

Regarding claim 23, Mezei/Zellweger discloses wherein said computer file may be used to generate either print or electronic output (938, Fig. 53, Mezei et al.).

Regarding claim 24, Mezei/Zellweger discloses all the claimed subject matter as set forth above in claim 21 and further Zellweger discloses product's image information (See col. 12, lines 60-61) comprises at least one of: associated image (See col. 12, lines 60-61, and col. 14, lines 16-26), a file name of said associated image, a path to said associated image and an identification code and product's features (See col. 2, lines 20-23).

Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 3, 7, 13, 16, are allowed. The reasons for allowance are stated in the previous Office Action mailed July 7, 2003 (Please see Paper No. 8).

Claims 4, 8, and 14 are allowable because they are dependent on allowable claims.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments filed on 07/19/2004 with respect to claims 1-14 and 16-20 about the claim rejection of the last Office Action have been fully considered, but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that "the present invention allows for the output to be formatted as the user chooses and for information to be placed, individually not in blocks, anywhere on the output... It adds no disclosure relevant to the formatting and text placement capabilities of Applicant's invention" (Page 18 of the Remarks). The examiner points out that these features are not claimed. Therefore, column 28, lines 21-36 and column 30, lines 13-22 broadly read on the limitation of "field directive contains an instruction to said pagination program directing how said pagination program will format said output". For example, the pagination properties contain instructions to format output.

Applicant states, "Claims 10 and 11 include, "...instructions to said pagination program to create a desired output;" (Page 18 of the Remarks). The Examiner respectfully point out that this recitation is not claimed, instead "adding computer code to said records in order that said computer file will have a desired output." C language program (computer code) is used to provide desired output (See col. 6, lines 10-17, Mezei et al.).

Applicant argues that, "The optional field may designate the number of copies of each book to be produced, but the formatting and page placement of the data is already set. This is unlike the Applicant's invention" (Page 19, last paragraph of the Remarks). The examiner point out that this is not claimed.

Applicant argues that Mezei, in view of Sutcliffe, teaches away from Applicant's invention since Sutcliffe provides a personals dating service using personalizable web-pages based on existing templates and the art of Mezei with the art of Sutcliffe are directed at different inventions. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Sutcliffe system creates personal page (personal advertisement) using page template (See col. 2, line 54 to col. 3, line 5) and Ad Taking Pagination Information System, thus providing similar field of pagination art, thus suggesting Applicant's invention.

In response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Conclusion

12. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

date of this final action.

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Merilyn P Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-4026. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F: 8:30 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Safet Metjahic can be reached on 571-272-4023. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9306 for regular communications and 703-746-7240 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

May 28, 2005